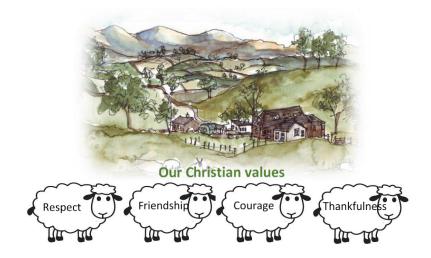


Selside Endowed CE School



PHSE & SRE Policy 2023

So God created humankind in his image, in the image of God he created them Genesis 1:27

I have come in order that you might have life—life in all its fullness

John 10:10

Date ratified: FGB and HT	Feb 2023
Review date:	annually
Signature:	J A Lowther

Background

The Church of England's Vision and Relationships Education

The Vision contains four core strands:

- Educating for wisdom, knowledge and skills: enabling discipline, confidence and delight in seeking wisdom and knowledge, and developing talents in all areas of life.
- Educating for hope and aspiration: enabling healing, repair and renewal, coping wisely when things go wrong, opening horizons and guiding people into ways of fulfilling them.
- Educating for community and living well together: a core focus on relationships, participation in communities and the qualities of character that enable people to flourish together.
- Educating for dignity and respect: the basic principle of respect for the value and preciousness of each person, treating each person as a unique individual of inherent worth.

Relationships Education promotes each of these four core strands through: the development of understanding which places our pupils in a position of strength; opening horizons ensuring that pupils are not oppressed by unhealthy relationships; enabling our whole school community to live well and disagree well together; and by ensuring that every member of the school community is respected and valued.

The colour coding throughout this policy is used to highlight the direct links with our approach to Relationships Education and the Church of England's Vision for Education.

Rationale

In keeping with the Church of England's vision and our own, 'We lift our eyes to the hills' Psalm 121, we believe that all pupils have a right to an education which enables them to flourish and fulfil their potential, without fear, in a community where differences of lifestyle and opinion are treated with dignity and respect.

As a school, we understand that for pupils to flourish academically, their mental and emotional wellbeing is vital. We also recognise that in order to make our school a happy and nurturing learning environment and workplace for pupils and staff respectively, positive and healthy relationships between all members of our school community (including between pupils and adults) are important.

We also value the importance of working closely with parents and families and the essential role that families play in supporting our pupils to develop healthy relationships. This policy has been drafted following consultation with families who have received and commented on a draft policy and upon request arrange to meet the Headteacher to discuss the content of this policy. We welcome feedback and warmly invite suggestions on either the content of this policy (which will be taken into account when it is reviewed) or how the curriculum in any class may need to be adapted to take into account the temporary or permanent family circumstances of any of our pupils.

This policy is part of a suite of documents aimed at supporting our pupils' emotional wellbeing, safety and personal development and promoting safe and healthy relationships and should be read in conjunction with our:

- Behaviour Policy;
- Child Protection Policy and Safeguarding Procedures;
- Anti-Bullying Policy;
- Equality Information and Objectives; and
- Wellbeing policy.

What is Relationships Education?

Through our Relationships Education programme, pupils learn:

- to cherish themselves and others as unique and wonderfully made;
- to recognise what a healthy relationship looks like and how to form healthy relationships, ensuring respect and dignity for themselves and others;
- how to live well together, including behaving well towards others, disagreeing well, forgiving and repairing broken relationships;
- how to keep themselves and others safe;
- how to make sense of the world around them (including an online world and the changes to their bodies); and
- to develop the skills to express their own views and make their own informed decisions.

The focus of our teaching is on **family** (the importance and value of belonging to a loving family and the fact that families are all different); and **friendships** (the importance of having friends, knowing what it means to be a good friend, how to spot an issue and what to do about it, how to resolve issues and where to get help).

Much of our teaching is 'on the spot' either in the classroom or on the playground or lunch hall. Often the best Relationships Education is born out of reflecting on actual issues that have occurred and exploring together how to put them right or how we could do something differently going forwards.

Planned Relationships Education sessions which take account of the age of the pupils take place as part of our PHSE programmer, Heart Smart but also through circle time, collective worship and special days throughout the year – **See Appendix 1**



The KidSafe provides a unit lesson plans and resources to deliver fun, age appropriate, preventative, safeguarding programmes directly to children.



HeartSmart is a creative approach to delivering the PSHE Curriculum that primary schools use to build character, emotional health and resilience in children. It equips them with foundational principles, skills, habits and a mindset that will improve their mental health, relationships and academic achievement. Boris, HeartSmart's very own purpose-built Robot, provides a fun, interactive and dynamic way for children to explore their hearts, the very thing that makes them unique.

The expectations by the end of Primary School are set out in **Appendix 2** Detailed information about the Heart Smart content progression map for each year group can be found on the School website under the curriculum tab-

Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transsexual ("LGBT") Relationships

In keeping with our loving and inclusive Christian ethos, we believe that **every** pupil deserves life in all its fullness and is uniquely and wonderfully made. We teach our pupils to value and respect their peers regardless of their sexual or gender identity, and that of their parents, whatever it might be.

We expect (in line with our Behaviour Policy, our Anti-Bullying Policy and the Equality Act 2010) that **all** our pupils will feel valued and will be treated with dignity and respect by all other members of the school community.

To this end, as with all other areas of diversity, we celebrate the differences that make each of our school families unique. We help pupils to make sense of the ways in which their own family life is the same as, and different from, that of their friends and how to ask and answer questions sensitively and respectfully.

Sex Education at our school

Our Curriculum



We have adopted the CWP scheme resources to use in school. This ia specialised programme have devised lessons, increased our focus on families, relationships, safeguarding/keeping children safe. This resource encourages children to develop the skills of listening, empathy, talking about feelings and relationships with families and friends.

In Reception we focus on families and friendships. From Year 1 children will learn the names of the body parts, the differences between males and females and the ways in which they will develop and grow. Importantly, they will also learn to recognise unsafe and risky situations and to ask for help. The curriculum continues to develop their knowledge and skills as they learn about the physical and emotional changes of puberty and about reproduction- **See Appendix 3**

We fully understand that parents and families often feel nervous about their child taking part in Sex Education lessons at school.

There are certain elements of Sex Education which, as a school, we are **legally** obliged to teach. These are set out in the National Curriculum for science (which is a statutory document) and involve teaching our pupils about the human body, including how it changes during puberty, the life cycles of animals and the processes of reproduction of animals.

At our school, we do not teach our pupils any Sex Education other than that prescribed in the science curriculum until [Year 6] when we do deliver some Sex Education sessions in order to:

- Give pupils an opportunity to ask questions in a safe environment;
- Support the emotional development and wellbeing of our pupils who may be struggling to make sense of either the changes to their body, or of upsetting or distressing information they have received from friends, or read or seen online;
- Ensure that pupils understand, before they leave primary school, what is and is not acceptable in relation to how others treat their body, so that they are able to identify when someone is attempting to cross boundaries inappropriately;
- Make sure our pupils know where to get help if needed; and
- Ensure pupils understand the law about the acceptable use of social media and online relationships.

In our school, these sessions are delivered by the class teacher and/or the School Nurse.

Parents will be informed. in writing, when these sessions will be taking place in order that they can support their child at home. Any parent wishing to discuss the content or materials used is warmly welcomed to make an appointment to do so with their child's class teacher.

Parents/Carers have the right to request the withdrawal of pupils from Sex Education sessions. Pupils **cannot** be excused from Relationships Education. It is a compulsory subject. Similarly, pupils **cannot** be excused from any elements of the science curriculum which deal with the human body or reproduction. However, parents **can request** that their child be excused from Sex Education sessions which take place in Year 6. Any parent wishing to do so should make an appointment to meet the Headteacher.

Whilst we respect the right of parents to make such a request, the school does not recommend that pupils miss these sessions. A lack of knowledge and understanding of sex makes it more likely that pupils will ask their friends and receive inaccurate information; turn to the internet and find information or images that are distressing; and potentially become prematurely sexually active.

Any parent requesting that their child is excused from the sessions will therefore be invited to attend a meeting with the Headteacher to ensure that they are certain of the implications for their child of missing these sessions.

Pastoral Support for Pupils

Menstruation

We understand that menstruation can be confusing or even alarming for girls if they are not prepared. Without proper teaching, girls are at risk of receiving further alarming or misleading advice from peers and others to whom they may understandably turn.

We therefore ensure that all female pupils in Year 5/6 are prepared for the onset of menstruation and, to uphold their dignity, know where in school they can find freely available sanitary products.

Pupils with Special or Additional Needs

The teaching of Relationships Education to some pupils with Special or Additional Needs will be particularly sensitive and will need to match carefully the age and understanding of the individual pupil.

Some pupils may need to be taught Relationships Education in a different way to the rest of their age group. As in all other cases of adapting the curriculum to meet an individual pupil's needs, this will occur in consultation with the pupil's family and will be regularly reviewed. Any parent with concerns about their child's ability to engage with the planned curriculum should speak to the Class Teacher/ Headteacher

Monitoring

June Lowther is responsible for the Relationships Education and Sex Education curriculum at our school.

She monitors the effectiveness of the teaching of Relationships Education and Sex Education and is responsible for the monitoring of and review of this policy.

Activities to support Relationship Sex Education and Health Education

PHSE taught through Heart Smart Programme	aught through the curriculum: Science, computing, P.E, DT	Discussed through Collective Worship, British Values	Autumn Term -All Staff to review KCSIE/Safeguarding level 1/ Prevent training -Establish class code of conducts -Establish Pupil agreed computer agreements -Kid Safe training -Bikeability -Antibullying -Road Safety Week -Mental Health Week (Place2Be)
			Spring Term -Safer Internet Day -First Aid training -Visit by NSCPP
	Taugh	Di	Summer Term -Outdoor Water safety (KS2) - Sex & Relationship education- Christopher Winter's Curriculum -Swimming lessons (KS2)

	By the end of Primary School, pupils should know:				
Mental wellbeing	 that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. 				
Internet safety and harms	 that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online. 				
Physical health and fitness	 the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity) how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health. 				
Healthy eating	 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content) the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health). 				
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	• the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.				
Health and prevention	 how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist 				

	 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.
Basic first aid	 how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.
Changing adolescent body	 key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.

Lesson 2: The Reproductive System Lesson 2: Male & Female Animals Lesson 1: Talking about Puberty Additional Lesson 3: Naming Body Parts Lesson 3: Help and Support Lesson 1: Differences year 6 year 2 Differences Puberty Year 2 Year 5 year 5 year 1 Lesson 3: Healthy Relationships Lesson 2: Growing & Changing Lesson 1: Different Friends Lesson 2: What is Puberty? Lesson 3: Families & Care **Growing and Caring** Lesson 1: Changes For Ourselves **CWP** Curriculum Overview Growing Up Year 4 Year 1 Puberty, Relationships & Reproduction Lesson 1: Caring Friendships Lesson 3: Help and Support Lesson 1: Body Differences Lesson 2: Personal Space Family and Friendship Lesson 2: Being Kind Valuing Difference and Keeping Safe Lesson 3: Families Reception Vear 6 Year 3

Lesson 1: Puberty & Reproduction Lesson 2: Communication in Relationships Lesson 3: Families, Conception & Pregnancy Lesson 4: Online Relationships



Christopher Winter's Curriculum overview