<u>History Long Term Plan (Year B)</u>

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
	Our Amazing Bodies	Great Structures of the World	Journeys
KS1	Digging for Treasure	Crackers and Construction	Stories around the world
	Who was Mary Seacole and Florence Nightingale?	What did we learn from the Great Fire of London?	How have lifeboats changed since the 1800s?
	To build an overview of world history by looking at the achievements of Mary Seacole and Florence Nightingale.	To investigate and interpret the past by looking at Samuel Pepys Diary and other artefacts to find out about the past.	To understand chronology by looking at safety features from light houses to satellite technologies.
		To communicate historically about the past and understand how the monarchy and parliament influenced change.	To build an overview of world history by looking at the bravery of Grace Darling and how water safety has changed
	• Describe historical events.		
	• Describe significant people from the past.	 Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past. 	• Place events and artefacts in order on a time line.
	• Recognise that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did.	 Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? What happened? How long ago? 	• Label time lines with words or phrases such as: past, present, older and newer.
	Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, democracy and war and peace.	 Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the 	 Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives.
		past.	• Use dates where appropriate.
	NC links- •the lives of significant individuals in the	Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, democracy and war and peace.	Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, democracy and war and peace
	past who have contributed to national and international achievements	NC links-	
		•events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	

	Location, Main events, Society	 the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements Location, Main events, Society, Artefacts 	 NC links- the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. Location, Main events, Travel and exploration, Society
LKS2	Going for Gold	Rome wasn't built in a day	Invaders
• Use	Who were the best athletes, the	How did the arrival of the Romans change	What did the Vikings want and how did
appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: • dates • time period • era • change • chronology.	 Spartans or Athenians? Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life, food, fitness and differences between Athens and Sparta. To build an overview of world history and explore links between early civilisations and understand how the achievements of the Ancient Greeks continue to influence our lives today. Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or 	 Britain? The Roman Empire and its Impact on Britain. To build an overview of world history and an understanding of the impact and extent of the Roman Empire. To investigate and interpret the past by learning about Hadrians Wall/ Vindolanda and using other artefacts to find out about the past. Suggest suitable sources of evidence for historical enquiries. 	Alfred help to stop them getting it? Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and Scots. The Viking and Anglo Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England. To build an overview of world history and an understanding of the Anglos-Saxon and Viking invasion of Britain. To invesyigate and interpret the past by learning about the findings at Sutton Hoo and using other artefacts to find out about the past.
• Use literacy, numeracy and computing	religious diversity of past society.	 Use more than one source of evidence for historical enquiry in order to gain a more accurate understanding of history. 	• Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.

skills to a good standard in order to communicate information about the past.	 Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children. Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a time line. Use dates and terms to describe events. Culture and pastimes, Main events, Food and farming, Conflict	 Give a broad overview of life in Britain from ancient until medieval times. Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society. Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a time line. Settlements, Beliefs, Culture and pastimes, Society 	 Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history. Describe changes that have happened in the locality of the school throughout history. Give a broad overview of life in Britain from ancient until medieval times. Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates. Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a time line. Main events, Travel and exploration, Conflict, Society
UKS2	Blood, Boils and Bile	Ancient Egyptians	Transport and Trade
 Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: dates time period era chronology continuity change 	 How has medicine changed over time? A study of a theme in British history. To understand chronology by looking at how medical treatment has evolved in Britain and understand the impact of modern medical discoveries on everyday life in Britain. Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past. Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices. 	 Who were the Ancient Egyptians? Early Civilizations achievements and an indepth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty. To build an overview of world history by looking in depth at an early civilization and investigate and interpret the past by looking at Tutankhamun's tomb and other artefacts to find out about the past. Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past. 	 What was the industrial revolution? A local study of a theme in British history, a local study- Farfield Mill, L.S. Lowry. To understand chronology by looking at the industrial revolution (wool, cotton) and understanding the impact of major engineering feats on everyday life in Britain. Use sources of information to form testable hypotheses about the past. Seek out and analyse a wide range of evidence in order to justify claims about

 decade legacy. Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to an exceptional standard in order to communicate information about the past. Use original ways to present information and ideas. Use dates and terms accurately in describing events. 	 Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past. Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate. Give a broad overview of life in Britain from medieval until the Tudor and Stuarts times. Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural). Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a time line. Food and farming, Location, Society, Beliefs 	 Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices. Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past. Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate. Compare some of the times studied with those of the other areas of interest around the world. Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children. Beliefs, Culture and pastimes, Location 	 Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past. Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate. Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural). Identify periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with times of relatively little change. Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a time line. Location, Main events, Food and farming
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